EngAgeBC COVID-19 – Toolkit for Home Health Operators

Regular updates will be made to this toolkit as they are available.

This booklet was last updated on April 20, 2020



Table of Contents

Purpose of this toolkit	3
About EngAge BC	3
What is COVID-19?	3
During an outbreak	13
Key contacts	14
Staff screening process template	15
Client wellness checklist template	17
Draft client communication	19
Other resources	21
Acknowledgements	23
Use of Document	23
Disclaimer	23



Purpose of this toolkit

EngAge BC has pulled together resources and materials which may help home health operators prepare for and respond to a potential outbreak of COVID-19. As the situation is evolving quickly, this toolkit is not intended to be comprehensive. It will be updated as new information becomes available

About EngAge BC

<u>EngAge BC's</u> mission is to develop and champion B.C.'s private-pay seniors living and wellness options as a way for older adults to live well. Under the guidance of a Member Council composed of industry experts, EngAge BC manages a suite of unique programs and marketing initiatives that support member organizations across the province.

EngAge BC is an operating arm of <u>BC Care Providers Association (BCCPA)</u>, the leading voice for seniors' care in B.C.

What is COVID-19?

As stated by the World Health Organization, Coronaviruses are a large family of viruses which may cause illness in animals or humans. In humans, several coronaviruses are known to cause respiratory infections ranging from the common cold to more severe diseases such as Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS) and Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS). The most recently discovered of these viruses causes COVID-19.

Common symptoms for COVID-19 include:

- Fever
- Cough
- Sore throat
- Sneezing
- Difficulty Breathing
- Chest Pain
- Aching Muscles/Headaches

Symptoms may take up to 14 days to appear after exposure to COVID-19. This is known as the incubation period.

The virus is transmitted through droplets of moisture (such as by coughing and sneezing) and through contact (if you touch a surface and then touch your eyes, nose or mouth, for example).



Preparing for an outbreak

Below are a few things home health care providers can do to guard against a potential outbreak.

Complete	ltem	Notes and resources	
Administration	Administration & Operations		
	Ensure COVID-19 has been	Emergency management procedures/policies:	
	incorporated into any emergency	(Updated Y/N)	
	management planning and/or	(Updated Y/N)	
	infection control plan (if applicable).	(Updated Y/N)	
		(Updated Y/N)	
		The team should include a senior manager, owner, or another person who is able to make decisions on behalf of the organization, your organizations Health and Safety Officer, and at least 2 or 3 others (depending on your organization's size, that are able to represent scheduling, clinical oversight (as appropriate), staff support and communications.	
		Outbreak response team:	
		Response team lead:	
	Identify an "outbreak response	Health and Safety Officer/JOSH Committee representative:	
	team."	Scheduling:	
		Clinical oversight:	
		Staff support:	
		Communications:	
		Other representatives:	
		Developing a phone tree in advance, may also be helpful.	



Review BCCPA's Communications Manual to prepare for a situation which would require urgent communication measures.	Members can access the manual <u>here.</u>
Complete the key contacts section of this workbook.	Ensuring that your organization has a list of key contacts will be helpful, should an outbreak occur.
Make a copy of the COVID-19 preparedness plan available and accessible by staff.	Your plan should include a copy of this document, along with any related policies or procedures.
Determine which staff meetings and training sessions can occur virtually and communicate this information to staff. Ensure all staff have training and access to the tools they will need to meet virtually.	When virtual meetings are not appropriate, determine ways to keep meetings as small as possible. Set up meeting rooms so that all participants are 2 meters apart.
Put a poster at your front door, which asks anyone who is ill not to enter and recommends that well people connect virtually.	Download the poster <u>here</u> .



	Larger offices and those which frequently have staff or clients visit should place handwashing posters in prominent places throughout the office (e.g., washrooms and lounges). Ensure that alcohol- based hand sanitizer, surgical masks and tissues are available at reception station.	 Resources: <u>Do You Know How Many Germs Are on Your Hands?</u> <u>When Was the Last Time You Washed Your Hands?</u> <u>Washing Hands with Soap and Water</u> <u>Washing Hands with Alcohol-based Hand Rub</u> <u>Poster on how to wash your hands</u> 	
	Develop a process to ensure that your organization is aware of outbreaks in your community and can mitigate appropriately. This process should be exercised daily.	Each health authority has an outbreak list which is publicly available and updated daily.	
Staffing	Staffing		
	Ensure any staff members responsible for HR are familiar with necessary protocols related to COVID- 19.	Resources: <u>https://bccare.ca/2020/03/human-resources-</u> <u>advice-for-care-providers-amid-covid-19/</u> <u>https://cphrbc.ca/coronavirus-covid-19-advice-for-</u> <u>canadian-employers/</u>	



Regularly communicate to workers that, at the first sign of illness they cannot visit a client's home. Further, if they have travelled internationally, they must self-isolate for 14 days.	
Develop a staff training checklist, as to make sure staff receive as much education as possible on what they can do to reduce the risk of a COVID-19. Provide information in a variety of ways (written information, videos, verbal instruction).	 Education should include instructions related to the following areas (from the <u>Public Health Agency of Canada</u>): Washing hands often with soap and hot water or use of alcohol-based sanitizer Increasing access to hand hygiene and cough etiquette supplies (e.g. alcohol-based hand rub, soap, paper towels, tissues, waste containers) Cleaning frequently used spaces, surfaces and objects (cell phones and handheld electronic devices kitchens, common areas, dining areas, desks, shared sleeping spaces, doorknobs, and faucets) Staying home when sick Avoiding the use of shared personal items Sharing information about what to do if staff or a client shows symptoms of becoming sick Visit SafeCare BC for additional resources: https://www.safecarebc.ca/covid19/



Cohort staff to the greatest degree possible. For example, split employees into community and "facility" groups, as to reduce the risk that an outbreak in a residence is spread to clients supported in community.	
Let staff know that the organization is also there to support them to stay psychologically healthy.	 Many people will be experiencing heightened stress and anxiety as a result of COVID-19. Let workers know that your organization is available to support them. <u>SafeCare BC</u> has the following tips for workers: Talk to your supervisor about resources that may be available to you. Share your feelings with a friend or co-worker. If available, access your Employee and Family Assistance Program Utilize resources from the <u>Canadian Mental</u> <u>Health Association</u> Check out the resources at <u>www.safecarebc.ca.</u>
Ask staff to self declare if they are working with another home health care operator, or at an independent living, assisted living or long-term care site.	This information should be kept up to date regularly.



Screening	Screening		
	Implement a daily screening process for staff. This should take place by telephone. If this is not	See below for screening process template. The screening process should ensure that any staff	
	possible, implement a self-screening process. This should include assurance/documen tation that the	person with cough or fever is immediately isolated and instructed to call 811. When calling 811 staff should self identify as working for a home health organization, which	
	process is being performed each day, before any client support is provided.	serves seniors and/or other vulnerable adults.	
		See below for screening process template.	
	Implement a pre- visit screening process for clients,	Any client who has a new cough or fever should be immediately isolated and instructed to call 811.	
	which takes place by phone. If this is	Any staff who have worked with that client previously should:be screened for symptoms, using the daily	
	no possible, see below.	screening processtold to self-monitor for symptoms	
		 told to self isolate at the first sign of any changes. 	
	In addition to the	See below for screening process template.	
	above, provide employees with the screening test, so	Screening should take place from a safe distance (2 meters).	
	that they can repeat this process once they have arrived at the client's home.	While this toolkit focuses on COVID-19, this screening test may be integrated into your organizations overall point of care risk assessment. See <u>SafeCare BC</u> for more information.	



	As it is possible, develop a scheduling policy, as to limit the number of home support workers visiting each client.	This will help to limit the potential spread of COVID-19.
Client Education	& Communication	
	Provide education or materials on proper coughing and hand hygiene.	Resource: <u>http://www.bccdc.ca/health-info/diseases-</u> <u>conditions/covid-19/about-covid-19/if-you-are-sick</u>
	Tell clients where they can go if they have questions about COVID-19 and share information about what social distancing means to them.	 Resource: <u>http://www.bccdc.ca/health-info/diseases-conditions/covid-19</u> British Columbians are being advised by the Provincial Public Health Officer to stay home except for essential errands. For example: Go to the grocery store only once a week Send one household member on errands to reduce the number of potential exposures Exercise at home or stay at least 2 metres from other people if you go for a walk in your neighbourhood Avoid public places like malls Do not have visitors
	Let clients know what your organization is doing to protect against the transmission of COVID-19.	 This may include letting clients know about: Education you have provided staff New policies to limit the number of home support workers supporting clients PPE policies See template below.
	Adapt your client onboarding/intake process to include information about infection control.	 For example, you may choose to highlight: What a client should do if they feel ill When a worker must use PPE Education that staff are provided with to protect against the transmission of infection or illness



	With permission, survey clients to determine if they are receiving home support services from other organizations, including the health authority.	Ensure that a list of all home health organizations and which clients they are supporting, is kept up to date. Add these organizations to the key contacts section of this toolkit.
Personal Protec	tive Equipment (PPE)	
	Develop a process to ensure workers always have access to adequate PPE and other necessary supplies.	As an employer, you are responsible for providing and enforcing the use of personal protective equipment in your workplace, as required by <u>the</u> <u>Occupational Health and Safety Regulation</u> .
	If staff will be coming to the office to pick up PPE or other equipment, create a pick-up station 2 meters away from other workstations. This will help to limit staff-to-staff contact. Alternatively, PPE packages can be delivered, or picked up from an off-site location. Develop a process to minimize direct contact and keep all parties 2 meters apart.	The station should have alcohol-based hand sanitizer for staff to use before and after picking up PPE. Workers should be encouraged to call ahead if they require anything additional, as to minimize interactions. Consider packaging materials together in bags, so workers can just "grab and go." Label by glove size.
	Ensure all staff are familiar with PPE guidelines for home health workers and know how to perform a risk assessment.	<u>https://www.safecarebc.ca/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/2020/04/PPE-Guidelines-March-</u> <u>27-2020.pdf</u>



Check that all staff who would be required to use an N95 mask has been fit tested in advance.	 Persons using N95 masks are to be fit tested by a qualified fit tester, using a fit testing hood, every two years. After which they are to do their own fit test check each time they don their respirator. Resources: <u>Fit Test Instructions Video</u> <u>Fit Testing Your Respirator Document</u>
Provide staff with instructions for putting on and taking off personal protective equipment, should it be necessary.	 Resources: General information on protective equipment: Instructions for Disposable Respirators Steps for putting on (donning) personal protective equipment Steps for taking off (doffing) personal protective equipment How to Wear a Surgical Mask Personal Protective Equipment Guidelines for Long-Term Care and Home Care



During an outbreak

Complete	ltem	Notes and Resources
	Your organization's response will begin when either a) a public health representative contacts you to let you know that a staff person or client has been diagnosed with COVID-19 or presumptive COVID- 19 b) a client or worker shares this information with you directly	
	Contact the heath authority in which you operate	
	Activate COVID-19 response team	
	Contact BCCPA to advise, and seek media support if necessary	Consult <u>communications guide.</u>
	Communicate to staff as necessary	
	Communicate to clients as necessary	
	Notify suppliers and other partners	



Key contacts

COVID-19 Response Team	
Staff person & role	Contact
Media support	
Organization	Contact
BC Care Providers Association	Mike Klassen - mklassen@bccare.ca
Health authority contacts (if applicab	
Organization	Contact
Suppliers	
Contact	Contact
Residences (IL/AL/LTC) where your c	lients live
Organization	Contact
Other contacts	
Organization	Contact
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



Staff screening process template

Staff Name:		

Date: _____

Time: _____

Conducted by: _____

1. Do you have any of the following symptoms?

□ Fever

 \Box Sore throat

 \Box New cough

 \Box New shortness of breath

□ Aching Muscles or extreme headaches

If yes to any of the above the screener must:

 \Box Advise staff to self isolate and call 811.

□ Contact their supervisor for further instruction.

2. Have you been in contact with anyone with or in the process of being tested for the COVID-19?

 \Box YES \Box NO

3. Have you had close contact with anyone with a confirmed or presumptive case of COVID-19?

□ YES □ NO

4. Have you been out of country in the last 14 days OR had contact with anyone that has been out of country in the last 14 days?



 \Box YES \Box NO

If yes to any of the above the screener must:

□ Contact their supervisor for further instruction.



Client wellness checklist template

Client:			
Date:		 	
Time:			
Conducted	by:		

This screening should be completed prior to any physical contact.

Do you have any of the following symptoms?

New cough:	Yes \Box No \Box
Fever:	Yes \Box No \Box
Sore Throat:	Yes \Box No \Box
Sneezing:	Yes \Box No \Box
Difficulty Breathing:	Yes \Box No \Box
Chest Pain:	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Runny Nose:	Yes \Box No \Box
Aching Muscles/Headaches:	Yes 🗆 No 🗆

Has anyone who lives with you recently developed any of the following symptoms:

New cough:	Yes □ No □
Fever:	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Sore Throat:	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Sneezing:	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Difficulty Breathing:	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Chest Pain:	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Runny Nose:	Yes 🗆 No 🗆
Aching Muscles/Headaches:	Yes □ No □



Have you been in contact with anyone with or in the process of being tested for COVID-19?

□ YES □ NO

Have you had close contact with anyone with a confirmed or presumptive case of COVID-19?

 \Box YES \Box NO

Have you had contact with anyone that has been out of country in the last 14 days?

 \Box YES \Box NO

If yes to any of the above the screener must:

□ Contact their supervisor for further instruction.



Draft client communication

Dear Client,

Many British Columbians are concerned about COVID-19. We know that these worries are even more significant for those of our clients who are older or immunocompromised.

What we are doing

[Name of organization] wants you to know that the safety of our staff and clients is our foremost concern. In addition to our regular infection control policies and procedures, we have done the following to protect against the transmission of COVID-19:

- We have worked with our staff to make sure they have up to date training and education on infection control. This has included:
 - [Education you have provided staff]
 - [Education you have provided staff]
 - [Education you have provided staff]
- We have put new policies in place to prevent the spread of COVID-19, including:
 - [Screening procedures]
 - [Changes to scheduling]
 - [PPE Policies]

More information about COVID-19:

British Columbians are currently being advised by the Provincial Public Health Officer to stay home except for essential errands. For example:

- Go to the grocery store only once a week
- Send one household member on errands to reduce the number of potential exposures
- Exercise at home or stay at least 2 metres from other people if you go for a walk in your neighbourhood
- Avoid public places like malls
- Do not have visitors

If you have questions about COVId-19, or what social distancing means to you, please visit the BC Centre for Disease Control (<u>http://www.bccdc.ca/health-info/diseases-conditions/covid-19)</u>.



What you can do:

Here are some tips from SafeCare BC (<u>https://www.safecarebc.ca/covid19/</u>), outlining what you can do to help keep yourself and our staff safe during this challenging time:

- Wash your hands with soap and water regularly for at least 20 seconds, or use an alcohol-based hand rub
- If you have new or worsening shortness of breath, cough or fever, fatigue, sore throat, runny nose, or muscle aches, or someone in your household is sick, contact your home support worker in advance of their visit, so they are prepared.
- If you have a household member who has recently travelled to or had contact with someone who has travelled internationally, let your home support worker know.
- If you have travelled internationally, self-isolate for 14 days. Self-monitor for symptoms. The most common symptoms of COVID-19 are fever, tiredness, and dry cough. Some people with the virus may have aches and pains, nasal congestion, runny nose, sore throat or diarrhea (World Health Organization).
- If someone in your household is sick, have them stay in a separate room away from where care is being provided by your support worker. If that's not possible, have the member of your

household wear a mask for the duration of the visit and have them wash their hands.

Please contact [general phone number] for more information.

Sincerely,

[Name of Owner or Manager]

[Organization]



Other resources

BCCPA's COVID-19 Member Update Page

BCCPA & EngAge BC is working to bring you up-to-date information about COVID-19 on a daily basis. The webpage includes an FAQ section.

https://bccare.ca/covid-19-update/

BCCPA Member Communication Manual

This manual defines what to do when a serious situation occurs, how to pull together the best team for an effective response, how to develop and communicate a message and the key media and stakeholders to whom you must immediately reach out.

https://bccare.ca/crisis-communications-manual/

Office of the Provincial Health Officer & BC Centre for Disease Control: Guideline for Long-Term Care & Assisted Living

The BCCDC and the Provincial Health Officer have created a resource for long-term care homes and assisted living residences in light of COVID-19. This resource is intended for both care providers and health care professionals.

https://bccare.ca/wpcontent/uploads/2020/03/COVID19_LongTermCareAssistedLiving_V8_March-13-2020.pdf

SafeCare BC

SafeCare BC strives to empower those working in the continuing care sector to create safer, healthier workplaces by fostering a culture of safety through evidence-based education, leadership, and collaboration. They offer an up-to-date, evidence-based information on the COVID-19 coronavirus and how you and your loved ones can stay healthy.

https://www.safecarebc.ca/covid19/

BC Centre for Disease Control

Novel coronavirus - information for the public

Novel coronavirus - Information for Health Professionals



World Health Organization resources on COVID-19

Infection prevention and control strategies when COVID-19 is suspected

Health care worker exposure risk assessment and management in the context of COVID-19

Rational use of personal protective equipment for COVID-19

Public Health Agency of Canada:

<u>Community-based measures to prevent the spread of COVID-19</u>

Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) vulnerable populations and COVID-19

Government of Canada

Infection Prevention and Control for COVID-19: Interim Guidance for Long Term Care Homes

WorkSafeBC

COVID-19 information for workers and employers

HealthLink BC

Information for the public, including self screening checklist and 811 information: <u>https://www.healthlinkbc.ca/health-feature/coronavirus-disease-covid-19</u>



Acknowledgements

In addition to acknowledging the support of the <u>EngAge BC Member Council</u> and SafeCare BC, EngAge BC would like to thank the representatives of the home health sector who contributed their time to review this document:

Kerry Bowman, Recruitment and Retention Manager, Bayshore Home Health

Jay Orosa, Owner, Home Care Assistance Vancouver

Daniel Purgal, COO, Loving Home Care Services LTD.

Beth Reynolds, Care Manager, Team Lead, Living Well Home Care

Use of Document

This document may not be produced, reproduced and published in its entirety, in any form, including in electronic form, for educational or non-commercial purposes, without requiring the consent or permission of EngAge BC and/or the BC Care Providers Association (BCCPA).

If you are not yet a member but would like to support the development of documents like this, please visit our membership page for more information.

Disclaimer

While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of contents at their time of publication, neither the authors nor BC Care Providers Association accepts any liability, concerning the loss, damage, injury or expense arising from any such errors or omissions in the contents of this work. The toolkit is intended as a guideline only and the Association assumes no responsibility for actions taken as a result of the information provided in this toolkit.